JURISDICTIONAL DETERMINATION U.S. Army Corps of Engineers

DISTRICT OFFICE:

Kansas City District (CENWK)

AmerenUE Permit No.

UE-32315-I-G

PROJECT LOCATION INFORMATION: Section 36, Township 39N, Range 17W

State: Missouri County: Camden

Center coordinates of site (Decidegrees): 92.75244 38.07739

Approximate size of area (parcel) reviewed, including uplands: <0.1 acres

Name of nearest waterway: Lake of the Ozarks

Name of watershed: Osage

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Completed:

Desktop determination

Site visit(s)

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Date: 11/13/2006

(AmerenUE permit issued)

Date: _____ (Corps only)

Jurisdictional Determination (JD):

3	Preliminary JD - Based on available information, \(\subseteq \text{ there appear to be (or)} \subseteq there appear to be no "waters of the
	United States" and/or "navigable waters of the United States" on the project site. A preliminary JD is not appealable
	(Reference 33 CFR part 331).

Approved JD - An approved JD is an appealable action (Reference 33 CFR part 331) Check all that apply:

There are "navigable waters of the United States" (as defined by 33 CFR part 329 and associated guidance) within the reviewed area. Approximate size of jurisdictional area: <0.1 acres.

☑ There are "waters of the United States" (as defined by 33 CFR part 328 and associated guidance) within the reviewed area. Approximate size of jurisdictional area: <0.1 acres.

There are "isolated, non-navigable, intra-state waters or wetlands" within the reviewed area.

Decision supported by SWANCC/Migratory Bird Rule Information Sheet for Determination of No Jurisdiction.

BASIS OF JURISDICTIONAL DETERMINATION:

A. Waters defined under 33 CFR part 329 as "navigable waters of the United States":

The presence of waters that are subject to the ebb and flow of the tide and/or are presently used, or have been used in the past, or may be susceptible for use to transport interstate or foreign commerce.

B. Waters defined under 33 CFR part 328.3(a) as "waters of the United States":

- (1) The presence of waters, which are currently used, or were used in the past, or may be susceptible to use in interstate or foreign commerce, including all waters which are subject to the cbb and flow of the tide.
 - (2) The presence of interstate waters including interstate wetlands.
 - (3) The presence of other waters such as intrastate lakes, rivers, streams (including intermittent streams), mudflats, sandflats, wetlands, sloughs, prairie potholes, wet meadows, playa lakes, or natural ponds, the use, degradation or destruction of which could affect interstate commerce including any such waters (check all that apply):
 - (i) which are or could be used by interstate or foreign travelers for recreational or other purposes.
 - (ii) from which fish or shellfish are or could be taken and sold in interstate or foreign commerce.
 - (iii) which are or could be used for industrial purposes by industries in interstate commerce.
 - (4) Impoundments of waters otherwise defined as waters of the US.
 - (5) The presence of a tributary to a water identified in (1) (4) above.
 - (6) The presence of territorial seas.
 - (7) The presence of wetlands adjacent to other waters of the US, except for those wetlands adjacent to other wetlands.

Rationale for the Basis of Jurisdictional Determination (applies to any boxes checked above). If the jurisdictional water or wetland is not itself a navigable water of the United States, describe connection(s) to the downstream navigable waters. If B(1) or B(3) is used as the Basis of Jurisdiction, document navigability and/or interstate commerce connection (i.e., discuss site conditions, including why the waterbody is navigable and/or how the destruction of the waterbody could affect interstate or foreign commerce). If B(2, 4, 5 or 6) is used as the Basis of Jurisdiction, document the rationale used to make the determination. If B(7) is used as the Basis of Jurisdiction, document the rationale used to make adjacency determination: 1931 LO Navigational Determination.

	teral Extent of Jurisdiction: (Reference: 33 CFR parts 32					
\bowtie		High Tide Linc indicated by:				
	clear, natural line impressed on the bank	oil or scum line along shore objects				
	the presence of litter and debris changes in the character of soil destruction of terrestrial vegetation shelving	fine shell or debris deposits (foreshore)				
	changes in the character of soil	physical markings/characteristics				
	destruction of terrestrial vegetation	Lidal gages				
		other.				
	other: 1973 LO Hydrologic Study.					
	Mean High Water Mark indicated by:					
	☐ survey to available datum; ☐ physical markings; ☐ vegetation lines/changes in vegetation types.					
*	Wetland boundaries, as shown on the attached wetland d	elineation map and/or in a delineation report prepared by:				
D.	sis For Not Asserting Jurisdiction:					
3	그 그렇게 하다 하고 있다면 하다고 하셨다면 이렇게 하다 그 생생님이 되었다면 하고 있다면 하다 하다 하다.					
I	Unable to confirm the presence of waters in 33 CFR part	328/a)(1 2 or 4.7)				
133	Headquarters declined to approve jurisdiction on the basi					
国	The Corps has made a case specific determination that the	ne following waters present on the site are not Waters of the				
LSS	United States:	he following waters present on the sac are not waters of the				
	Waste treatment systems, including treatment por	ods or lagoons, pursuant to 33 CFR part 328.3.				
	Artificially irrigated areas, which would revert to					
	Artificial lakes and ponds created by excavating a					
	retain water and which are used exclusively for st	ich purposes as stock watering, irrigation, settling basins, or				
	rice growing. Artificial reflecting or swimming pools or other s	mall ornamental bodies of water created				
	by excavating and/or diking dry land to retain wa					
		ental to construction activity and pits excavated in dry land for				
	the purpose of obtaining fill, sand, or gravel unles	ss and until the construction or excavation operation is the definition of waters of the United States found at 33 CFR				
		state commerce				
		atural Resources Conservation Service. Explain rationale:				
	☐ Non-tidal drainage or irrigation ditches excavated	on dry land. Explain rationale:				
	Other (explain):	ton dry land. Explain landinate.				
DATA	REVIEWED FOR JURSIDICTIONAL DETERMINAT	TION (mark all that apply):				
	Maps, plans, plots or plat submitted by or on behalf of the	applicant.				
	Data sheets prepared/submitted by or on behalf of the app	olicant,				
	This office concurs with the delineation report, dated	, prepared by (company):				
	☐ This office does not concur with the delineation repo	rt, dated , prepared by (company):				
-	Data sheets prepared by the Corps.					
	Corps' navigable waters' studies:					
12	U.S. Geological Survey Hydrologic Atlas:					
137	U.S. Geological Survey 7.5 Minute Topographic maps:					
	U.S. Geological Survey 7.5 Minute Historic quadrangles:					
	U.S. Geological Survey 15 Minute Historic quadrangles:					
26	USDA Natural Resources Conservation Service Soil Surv	/ey:				
2	National wetlands inventory maps:					
獲	State/Local wetland inventory maps:					
13	FEMA/FIRM maps (Map Name & Date):					
15	100-year Floodplain Elevation is: (NGVD)					
	Aerial Photographs (Name & Date):					
3	Other photographs (Date):					
	Advanced Identification Wetland maps:	X 2.				
	Site visit/determination conducted on:					
1	Applicable/supporting case law:					
123	Other information (please specify): GIS mapping program	n.				

Wetlands are identified and defineated using the methods and criteria established in the Corps Wetland Delineation Manual (87 Manual) (i.e., occurrence of hydrophytic vegetation, hydric soils and wetland hydrology).

²The term "adjacent" means bordering, contiguous, or neighboring. Wetlands separated from other waters of the U.S. by man-made dikes or barriers, natural river berms, beach dunes, and the like are also adjacent.